|  | Number: Place Value |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Represent numbers to 100 <br> Partition numbers to 100 <br> Number line to 100 <br> Hundreds <br> Represent numbers to 1000 <br> Partition numbers to 1,000 <br> Flexible partitioning of numbers to 1,000 <br> Hundreds, tens and ones <br> Find 1, 10 or 100 more or less <br> Number line to 1000 <br> Estimate on a number line to 1,000 <br> Compare numbers to 1000 <br> Order numbers to 1000 <br> Count in 50s forwards and backwards from any given multiple of 50 . |

Recognise the place value of each digit in a threedigit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
National Curriculum

- Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- Compare and order numbers up to 1000 Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words
Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. Count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100

|  | Week 1-3 Block 1 | Week 4-6 Block 2 | Week 7-9 <br> Block 3 | Week 10-12 Block 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Multiplication and Division | Measurement: Length and Perimeter | Number: Fractions | Measurement: Mass and Capacity |
|  | - Comparing statements (for example $8 \times 3<7 \times 4$ ) <br> - Related calculations - fact families (for example $2 \times 6=12$ so $2 \times 60$ = 120) <br> - Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit - use repeated addition and partitioning followed by short multiplication <br> - Divide 2-digits by 1-digit using partitioning <br> - Scaling <br> - How many ways? | - Measure length <br> - Equivalent lengths - $m$ and cm <br> - Equivalent lengths - mm and cm <br> - Compare lengths <br> - Add lengths <br> - Subtract lengths <br> - Measure perimeter <br> - Calculate perimeter | - Unit and non-unit fractions <br> - Making the whole (for example 1 whole is the same as $\frac{4}{4}$ <br> - Tenths <br> - Count in tenths <br> - Tenths as decimals <br> - Fractions on a number line <br> - Fractions of a set of objects | - Measure mass <br> - Compare mass <br> - Add and subtract mass <br> - Measure capacity <br> - Compare capacity <br> - Add and subtract capacity |
| $E$ 3 3 0 5 3 0 0 0 0 2 | - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables <br> - Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects | - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity (l/ml) <br> - Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | - Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 <br> - Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> - Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above | - Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm})$; mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) |

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|  | Week 1-2 Block 1 | Week 3-4 <br> Block 2 | Week 5-7 <br> Block 3 | Week 8-9 <br> Block 4 | Week 10-11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number: Fractions | Measurement: Money | Measurement: Time | Geometry: Properties of Shape | Statistics | Consolidation |
|  | - Equivalent fractions <br> - Compare fractions <br> - Order fractions <br> - Add fractions <br> - Subtract fractions | - Pounds and pence <br> - Converting pounds and pence <br> - Adding money <br> - Subtracting money <br> - Giving change | - Months and years <br> - Hours in a day <br> - Telling the time to 5 minutes <br> - Telling the time to the minute <br> - $A M$ and PM <br> - 24 hour clock <br> - Finding the duration <br> - Comparing the duration <br> - Start and end times <br> - Measuring time in seconds | - Turns and angles <br> - Right angles in shapes <br> - Compare angles <br> - Draw accurately <br> - Horizontal and vertical <br> - Parallel and perpendicular <br> - Recognise and describe 2-D shapes <br> - Recognise and describe 3-D shapes Make 3-D shapes | - Pictograms <br> - Bar charts <br> - Tables | All |
| E 3 3 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 | - Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7}+$ $\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$ ] <br> - Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above. | - Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts | - Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12hour and 24 hour clocks <br> - Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute <br> - Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours <br> - Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight <br> - Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year <br> - Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]. | - Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn <br> - Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a halfturn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle <br> - Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. <br> - Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials <br> - Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them | - Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables <br> - Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables | All |

